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(c) Information obtained under this part is used by the Commission to assess potential environmental impacts of proposed Federal Maritime Commission actions. Compliance is voluntary but may be made mandatory by Commission order to produce the information pursuant to section 21 of the Shipping Act, 1916 or section 15 of the Shipping Act of 1984. Penalty for non-compliance with a section 21 order is \$100 a day for each day of default; penalty for falsification of such a report is a fine of up to \$1,000 or imprisonment up to one year, or both. Penalty for violation of a Commission order under section 15 of the Shipping Act of 1984 may not exceed \$5,000 for each violation, unless the violation was willfully and knowingly committed, in which case the amount of the civil penalty may not exceed \$25,000 for each violation. (Each day of a continuing violation constitutes a separate offense).

§ 504.2 Definitions.

- (a) *Shipping Act, 1916* [46 U.S.C. app. 801–846] means the Shipping Act, 1916 as amended, 46 U.S.C. app. 801 *et seq.*
- (b) Common carrier means any common carrier by water as defined in section 3 of the Shipping Act of 1984 or in the Shipping Act, 1916, including a conference of such carriers.
- (c) Environmental impact means any alteration of existing environmental conditions or creation of a new set of environmental conditions, adverse or beneficial, caused or induced by the action under consideration.
- (d) *Potential action* means the range of possible Commission actions that may result from a Commission proceeding in which the Commission has not yet formulated a proposal.
- (e) Proposed action means that stage of activity where the Commission has determined to take a particular course of action and the effects of that course of action can be meaningfully evaluated.
- (f) Environmental assessment means a concise document that serves to "provide sufficient evidence and analysis for determining whether to prepare an environmental impact statement or a finding of no significant impact" (40 CFR 1508.9).

- (g) Recyclable means any secondary material that can be used as a raw material in an industrial process in which it is transformed into a new product replacing the use of a depletable natural resource.
- (h) *Shipping Act of 1984* means the Shipping Act of 1984 (46 U.S.C. App. 1701–1720).
- (i) Marine terminal operator means a person engaged in the United States in the business of furnishing wharfage, dock, warehouse or other terminal facilities in connection with a common carrier.

§ 504.3 General information.

- (a) All comments submitted pursuant to this part shall be addressed to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, 1100 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20573.
- (b) A list of Commission actions for which a finding of no significant impact has been made or for which an environmental impact statement is being prepared will be maintained by the Commission in the Office of the Secretary and will be available for public inspection.
- (c) Information or status reports on environmental statements and other elements of the NEPA process can be obtained from the Office of Environmental Analysis, Federal Maritime Commission, 1100 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20573 (telephone (202) 523–5835).

§ 504.4 Categorical exclusions.

- (a) No environmental analyses need be undertaken or environmental documents prepared in connection with actions which do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment because they are purely ministerial actions or because they do not increase or decrease air, water or noise pollution or the use of fossil fuels, recyclables, or energy. The following Commission actions, and rulemakings related thereto, are therefore excluded:
- (1) Issuance, modification, denial and revocation of Ocean Freight Forwarder licenses.
- (2) Certification of financial responsibility of passenger vessels pursuant to 46 CFR part 540.